## Table A Chart – Michigan Part C Issues Identified in the State Performance Plan

SPP Indicator	Issue	Required Action
Indicator 1:	See Table B.	See Table B.
Percent of infants and toddlers with IFSPs who receive the early intervention services on their IFSPs in a timely manner.		
(20 USC 1416(a)(3)(A) and 1442)		
Indicator 7:	See Table B.	See Table B.
Percent of eligible infants and toddlers with IFSPs for whom an evaluation and assessment and an initial IFSP meeting were conducted within Part C's 45-day timeline.		
(20 USC 1416(a)(3)(B) and 1442)		
Percent of all children exiting Part C who received timely transition planning to support the child's transition to preschool and other appropriate community services by their third birthday including:  A. IFSPs with transition steps and services;  B. Notification to LEA, if child potentially eligible for Part B; and  C. Transition conference, if child potentially eligible for Part B.  (20 USC 1416(a)(3)(B) and 1442)	Indicator 8A: Noncompliance: On page 23 of the FFY 2005 SPP, the State reported a 44.6% level of compliance for Indicator 8A, specifically the requirements at 34 CFR §§303.344(h) and 303.148(b)(4).  See Table B for prior noncompliance issues regarding Indicator 8B and C.	Indicator 8A: The State must ensure that this noncompliance is corrected within one year of its identification and include data in the APR, due February 1, 2007, that demonstrate compliance with this requirement. The State should review and, if necessary revise, its improvement strategies included in the SPP to ensure they will enable the State to include data in the APR, that demonstrate full compliance with these requirements. Failure to demonstrate compliance at that time may affect OSEP's determination of the State's status under section 616(d) of the IDEA.  See Table B for prior noncompliance issue regarding Indicator 8B and C.

SPP Indicator	Issue	Required Action
Indicator 9:	See Table B.	See Table B.
General supervision system (including monitoring, complaints, hearings, etc.) identifies and corrects noncompliance as soon as possible but in no case later than one year from identification.		
(20 USC 1416(a)(3)(B) and 1442)		